1. The function f is defined by $f: x \rightarrow 2 x-3, \mathrm{x} \in \mathrm{R}$
a. Find $f(3)$ an $f(-3)$
b. Find $x$ for which $f(x)=7$
c. Sketch graph of f
d. State the domain and find the range of $f$
2. Find the domain and range of the following functions
a. $f(x)=\sqrt{x}$
b. $g(x)=\sqrt{9-x^{2}}$
c. $f(x)=\frac{1}{x}$
d. $g(x)=\frac{1}{x-4}+5$
3. The function f is $f: x \rightarrow a x^{2}+b x-5, \mathrm{x} \in \mathrm{R}$. If $\mathrm{f}(-1)=1$ and $\mathrm{f}(1)=-8$,
a. find the values of $a$ and $b$
b. the values of $x$ for which $f(x)=-5$

4. The following arrow diagram shows the function $g$ that maps set $X$ to set $Y$ and the function f maps set Y and set Z
a. Find $f{ }^{\circ} g(1), f{ }^{\circ} g(2)$ and $f{ }^{\circ} g(3)$
b. State the domain and range of the function $\mathrm{f}, \mathrm{g}$ and $f^{\circ} g$
5. The function f and g are defined as $f: x \rightarrow 2 x+5, g: x \rightarrow 4 x-3$
a. Find the composite function $f^{\circ} g$ and its domain
b. Find the composite function $g{ }^{\circ} f$ and its domain
c. Find $f[g(3)]$
6. $g(x)=x^{2}-3, g[h(x)]=x^{2}-4 x+1$. Find an expression for $\mathrm{h}(\mathrm{x})$
7. Given $g(x)=m x+n \operatorname{and}^{3}(x)=27 x+13$ where $m$ and $n$ are constants. Find values of $m$ and $n$
8. The functions f and g are defined by
$f: x \rightarrow \sqrt{1-x^{2}},-1 \leq x \leq 1$
$g: x \rightarrow x^{2}+2, \mathrm{x} \in \mathrm{R}$, Express the composite function $g{ }^{\circ} f$
9. Function f with real values is defined by $f: x \rightarrow \sqrt{|x|-2}$. Find the domain and range of $f$
10.Determine whether each of the following function is one-to-one
a. $f(x)=x^{3}$
b. $g(x)=\sqrt{x}$
c. $h(x)=5-x^{2}$
d. $f(x)=2 x-5$
e. $g(x)=5$
f. $p(x)=\frac{1}{x}$
11.If $f(-1)=-8, f(0)=-5$ and $f(2)=1$, find $f^{-1}(-8), f^{-1}(-5)$ and $f^{-1}(1)$
12.Use the properties of inverse functions to show that $f$ and $g$ are inverses of each other.
a. $f(x)=x-3, g(x)=x+3$
b. $f(x)=5 x, g(x)=\frac{x}{5}$
c. $f(x)=x^{3}, g(x)=x^{\frac{1}{3}}$
d. $f(x)=\frac{2-x}{7}, g(x)=2-7 x$
e. $f(x)=\frac{1}{x}, g(x)=\frac{1}{x}$
f. $f(x)=x^{2}-1, x \geq 0 ; g(x)=\sqrt{x+1}, x \geq-1$
10. A function is defined as $f: x \rightarrow 4 x-3, \mathrm{x} \in \mathrm{R}$
a. Find the inverse function $\mathrm{f}^{-1}$ in similar form
b. Verity your answer by showing that $f\left[f^{-1}(x)\right]=x=f^{-1}[f(x)]$
c. Sketch the graph of $f, f^{-1}$ and $y=x$ on the same coordinate axes.
11. Given the function $f(x)=\sqrt{4-x}$
a. Find the domain and range of the function f
b. Determine whether $f^{-1}$ exists. If it exists, find its expression, domain and range. Hence, sketch the graph of $f^{-1}$ by using the graph of $f$, and $y=x$
12. Given that the function $f(x)=\frac{x+1}{x-2}, x \neq 2$ is one -to -one.
a. Find $f^{-1}(x)$
b. Find the range of $f$
16.The function f and the inverse function of f are defined $f: x \rightarrow p x+q, \mathrm{x} \in \mathrm{R}$; $f^{-1}: x \rightarrow 6 x+7$. Find the values of $p$ and $q$
17.Find the inverse of the function $g(x)=x^{2}-1, x \geq 0$. Find the domain and range for this inverse function. Hence, sketch the graphs of $g, g^{-1}$ and $y=x$
13. Function f is defined by $f: x \rightarrow 3+(x-2)^{2}, \mathrm{x} \in \mathrm{R}$
a. Sketch the graph of f
b. State the range of $f$
14. Sketch the graph and state the range for each of the following functions
a. $f: x \rightarrow 2 x-6, \mathrm{x} \in \mathrm{R}, 0 \leq x \leq 4$
b. $g: x \rightarrow x^{2}-2 x+2, \mathrm{x} \in \mathrm{R}$
15. Sketch the graph and state the range of the function $h: x \rightarrow x^{2}+2, \mathrm{x} \in \mathrm{R}$
16. Sketch the graph for each of the following functions
a. $f(x)=3 x^{2}-2 x-1$
b. $g(x)=\sqrt{x-2}$
c. $h(x)=|x-1|$ Hence, find its domain and range.
17. The function f is defined by $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{l}2 x, x>0 \\ x^{2}, x \leq 0\end{array}\right.$
a. Find $f(2)$ and $f(-2)$
b. Find $x$ for which $f(x)=16$
c. Sketch the graph of $f$
d. State the domain and find the range of $f$
18. Sketch the graph of the function $f: x \rightarrow|x+1|, \mathrm{x} \in \mathrm{R}$. With the aid of the graph of f , sketch the graphs of the following functions
a. $2 \mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})$
b. $f(x+2)$
c. $f(x)-2$
d. $f(2 x)$
